Density Worksheet

block name

The concept of density is sometimes confusing since it has to do with particles that we cannot see (atoms and molecules). If a substance is dense, that means that the atoms/molecules are close together.

Example: The dots below represent atoms.

In the fist example we have $9\ dots-1\ dot\ per\ square$. There is a lot of space in between the dots (atoms). Look at the square labeled "A". There is only 1 dot in the

Example 1

one dot (atom) in square A

In the second example we take the same 9 dots, but we put them all in one square. Now there is not a lot of space between the dots (atoms). Look at the square labeled "A". Now there are 9 dots in the square.

Example 2



nine dots (atoms) in square A

- 1. How many total dots are in example 12. how many in example 2?
- In which example are the dots (atoms) closer together? Example #_
- 3. In which example do the dots take up more space (more volume)? #
- 4. Which example shows a greater density in square A? #

much space the dots (atoms) take up. To calculate density we need to know how many dots (atoms) are in a substance and how

5. Which choice below is a measure of how many atoms/molecules are in a substance

weight

mass volume

6. Which choice below is a measure of how much space an object takes up (circle it)?

weight

mass

volume

Density Worksheet

Since density shows how many particles (mass) are in a certain amount of space (volume), the formula for density is ...

Density = mass / volume (mass divided by volume)

The unit for density is grams per cubic centimeter (g/cm³,

Calculate the densities of the following objects. You will need a calculator. Round all answers to the tenths place (1 place after the decimal)
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A shoe box mass = 114.0 gvolume = 538.5 cm³ 8. a rock

mass = 22.3 g

volume = 8.0 cm³

_g/cm³

•density = g/cm³

A full soda bottle

mass = 609.0 g

volume = 591.0 mL

density =

•density = _g/cm³

> mass = 54.2 g 10. <u>a dry sponge</u> volume = 78.1 cm³

•density =

g/cm³

11. When a dry sponge absorbs water, which changes most (circle one)?

A. the sponge's mass

C. the sponge's volume

B. neither changes, mass and volume stay the same

12. The sponge in question #10 absorbs 277 grams of water. Recalculate its density. *show your work

13. a) You drink all of the soda out of the bottle (from question #9). The soda had a mass of 570 grams. Recalculate the density of the empty soda bottle.
*show your work

b) Why did the density of the bottle of soda change?

CHAPTER 7

Calculating Density Practice Problems

BLM 3-10

Goal Use these questions to check your understanding of how to calculate density.

What to D	Answer these questions after you have read page 265 of B	C Science 8.
1. A student	measures the mass of an 8 cm3 block of brown sugar to be 12.9 g. What is the densi	ty of the brown sugar?
		1
2. A chef fill	s a 50 mL container with 43.5 g of cooking oil. What is the density of the oil?	
		2
	e shop worker records the mass of an aluminum cube as 176 g. If one side of the cub asity of the aluminum?	be measures 4 cm, what
		3
Based on top to be	the density values on page 262 of BC Science 8, list how the following liquids would alcohol, mercury, seawater, machine oil, water.	d layer in a beaker from
		4
	performing a demonstration finds that a piece of cork displaces 23.5 mL of water. To 5.7 g. What is the density of the cork?	he piece of cork has a
		5
	begins work on a block of granite that measures 20 cm by 10 cm by 5 cm. If the block, what is the density of the granite?	ck of granite has a mass
		6
	f PVC plumbing pipe displaces 60 mL when placed into a container of water. If the he density of PVC?	pipe has a mass of 78 g,
		7
8. A solid m	agnesium flare has a mass of 1300 g and a volume of 743 cm3. What is the density	of the magnesium?
		8
9. An ice cu	be has a volume of 12 cm3, and a mass of 11 g. What is the density of the ice?	
		9
	one of the densest substances on Earth. A gold bar 20 cm by 5 cm by 5 cm has a ma of gold? Express your answer in g/cm3.	ss of 9.7 kg. What is the